Pediatric Mental Health: Frontline Provider Essentials

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Disclosures

No disclosures for Dr. Esque or Dr. McWhinnie

Objectives

- Describe the current state of children's mental health in the US and in Arizona
- Learn strategies for screening for and diagnosing mental health conditions in children and adolescents
- Recognize ways to communicate effectively with young patients around mental health concerns
- Identify strategies for collaboration with parents and guardians



Pediatric Mental Health Crisis in the US

- 20% of young people ages 3-17 in the US have diagnosable mental, emotional, developmental or behavioral disorder
- Youth Risk Behavior Survey (2021)
 - All indicators of poor mental health (including suicidal thoughts and behaviors) increasing over last 10 years
- Suicide is 2nd leading cause of death in ages 10-14, 3rd leading cause of death in youth ages 15-24
- Only ½ of children and adolescent receive treatment they need





Pediatric Mental Health Crisis in AZ

- Arizona Youth Risk Behavior Survey (2021)
 - 4 in 10 AZ teens report poor mental health
 - Suicidal thoughts increased from 19% of teens (2011) to 24% of teens (2021)
 - Over 3500 teens hospitalized for suicidal ideation/attempts in 2021
- Over 50% of Arizona youth ages 12-17 who have depression didn't receive any care in the last year





Number of CAPs by Age Group			Breakdown by County			
31 - 40	35			CAPs	Number of CAPs/100k Children	Pop. < 18
1 - 50		54	Apache County, AZ	0	0	17,525
51 - 60			Cochise County, AZ	0	0	26,49
	37		Coconino County, AZ	2	7	28,77
61 - 70			Gila County, AZ	0	0	10,34
	34		Graham County, AZ	0	0	10,10
71 - 80 14			Greenlee County, AZ	0	0	2,58
			La Paz County, AZ	0	0	2,70
81 - 90 2			Maricopa County, AZ	127	12	1,024,14
			Mohave County AZ	1	3	35.43

Case

Emily is a 14 y/o 8th grader who presents to your office for concerns about self-harm. Emily's parents recently noticed several healing cuts on Emily's legs and arms. When they asked Emily about the cuts this week, she became tearful and shared that she had cut herself with a razor when feeling down.

Emily has no prior history of mental health concerns or treatment. She has typically done well in school but her grades have declined this semester due to missing assignments. She used to love dance class but parents have been having a hard time getting her to go recently. They notice she is spending more time staying in bed on the weekends and is more difficult to get up in the morning for school. They are worried and seeking your help.

How can we help?



Screening tools for depression

- Use for initial assessment as well as follow up
- USPSTF and AAP recommend universal screening annually for 12+
- Additionally consider for any patients with depression risk factors
- Tools:
 - PHQ-2, PHQ-9, PHQ-9A
 - Beck Depression Inventory (BDI)
 - Center for Epidemiological Studies Depression Scale for Children (CES-DC)
 - Short Mood and Feelings Questionnaire (SMFQ)

Emily's screening results

	Not at all	Several days	More than half the days	Nearly every day
1. Little interest or pleasure in doing things	0	1	2	3
2. Feeling down, depressed, or hopeless	0	1	2	3
3. Trouble falling or staying asleep, or sleeping too much	0	1	2	3
4. Feeling tired or having little energy	0	1	2	3
5. Poor appetite or overeating	0	1	2	3
6. Feeling bad about yourself—or that you are a failure or have let yourself or your family down	0	1	2	3
 Trouble concentrating on things, such as reading the newspaper or watching television 	0	1	2	3
8. Moving or speaking so slowly that other people could have noticed. Or the opposite — being so figety or restless that you have been moving around a lot more than usual	0	1	2	3
9. Thoughts that you would be better off dead, or of hurting yourself	0	1	2	3

Making sense of Emily's experience to improve care



Making sense of Emily's experience to improve care

Thoughts

- What, then why
- Notice/ Describe physical discomfort
- Intensity (h/m/l)
- States
- Emotion labels

 no +/
- f(x)
- Nature of emotions
- Awareness and clarity (then regulation)

Emotions + physical sensation

- Automatic T, assumptions,
- core beliefsSelf, others,
- future
- Cluster into
 themes
- Stress collapses and amplifies

- Worry
- Rumination
- Worthlessness
- Hopelessness
- Helplessness
- Unlikeable

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- Reactive FDB
- Behaviors + urges
- EDBValues?

Next steps: learn more about Emily's concerns



What's going on with sleep?



Are there any new stressors/trauma?



Screen for substance use



Tell me more about your answer to question #9

Safety Assessment

- Will help guide next steps in treatment plan
- Special consideration for question 9 on PHQ9
- Consider use of screening instrument for suicidality
- Make a safety plan

Additional information from family

• Family history:

 \odot Dad with diagnosis of MDD, doing well on escital opram 20mg daily \odot No family history of bipolar disorder

• No new stressors that family is aware of



Treatment Planning

THERAPY



MEDICATIONS

SUPPORTS

Pearls for SSRI Use

- Discussion about risks, benefits, and side effects
 - What's common?
 - Gastrointestinal upset
 - Headaches
 - Sexual side effects
 - Sleep changes
 - What's rare but important to watch for?
 - Mania
 - Increased suicidal thoughts or behaviors (black box warning)
 - Serotonin Syndrome

SSRI Pearls

Start low, go slow, but go all the way

Consider comorbid disorders 4-6 weeks at effective dose to see full results

Consider family history SSRIs are both first and second line in pediatric depression and anxiety

Treatment Plan for Emily

- Therapy referral
- Review tips for improving sleep
- Start escitalopram 5mg at bedtime
- Collaborate with school
- Make a safety plan and review with Emily and her parents



Pearls for Safety Planning

- Contracts don't work; crisis and safety planning does
- Collaborative
- Emphasis on what to do versus what not to do
 - \circ Use 3 components to guide steps in plan
 - $\ensuremath{\circ}$ Internal and external strategies
 - \circ Skills and activities list
- Self-Rescue Kit
 - \circ Sensory aids
 - \circ Cognitive aids



Tips for talking with kids and teens about mental health concerns

- Meet 1:1 if possible
- Discuss confidentiality
- Build rapport

Motivational Interviewing



Pearls for working with Emily: Change and sustain talk



Pearls for working with Emily: TIPP skill





Working with families around mental health concerns

- Psychoeducation
- Joint safety planning
- Don't be afraid to ask about safety and suicidal thoughts

Tips for Emily's family

Parents may experience:

- Shock / Fear
 - Label feelings
 - \circ Validate
 - Reduce self-blame
- Denial
 - $\circ~$ Move from denying risk to acknowledging
 - Emphasize points of agreement
 - Move sideways ("attention")
- Disagreement
 - o Sympathize
 - $\circ~$ Play to strengths
 - $\circ~$ Give them an out
- Basic Interpersonal Effectiveness (IPE)
 - Model GIVE and FAST in conversations about safety and next steps
 - o Gentle, interested, validate, easy manner
 - Fair, no apologies, stick to values, truthful

Resources for family and provider

- General
 - Childmind.org
 - List of best books for kids' mental health
- Stress
 - Full Catastrophe Living (Jon Kabat-Zinn)
 - The Growth Mindset Workbook for Teens (J. Schleider, et al.)
- Suicidal thoughts and behavior
 - Dialectical Behavior Therapy with Suicidal Adolescents (Alec Miller, et al.)
- Anxiety
 - Helping Your Anxious Child (Ronald Rapee, et al.)
 - Breaking Free of Child Anxiety and OCD (Eli Lebowitz)
 - o Things Might Go Terribly, Horribly Wrong (Kelly Wilson)
- Reactive Behavior
 - o SIB Helping Teens Who Cut (Mike Hollander)
 - SUD Mindfulness-Based Relapse Prevention (Sarah Bowen, et al.)
- Mindfulness
 - o A Child's Mind (Christopher Willard)
 - o Zenhabits.net
- Apps
 - Onemind.org/psyberguide/



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Call us at 888-290-1336

Let us support you in caring for your pediatric patients with mental health concerns.